

**Flax Definitions** (1 of 2)

<p>A large comb with metal teeth used for untangling the flax.</p>	<p>Twelve beets stacked together.</p>
<p>When the flax plant is harvested it has to be pulled up by the roots.</p>	<p>The woody parts of the flax bundles were knocked off with a long blade.</p>
<p>Another name for flax, the plant which is grown to produce linen cloth. Its flower is known as lint blossom.</p>	<p>The bundles of flax are soaked for up to 14 days to rot the hard woody material in the stalks.</p>
<p>The flax bundles were beaten with a wooden mallet or squashed in a roller.</p>	<p>The flax is laid out and dried in the open air, or in a type of big oven.</p>
<p>The pool of water where the beets are retted.</p>	<p>The plant which is grown to produce linen cloth. It blooms with a beautiful, vivid blue flower.</p>
<p>Gathered bundles of pulled flax.</p>	<p>The scutched bundles were passed through a big metal comb to untangle them and remove any remaining pieces of woody stem.</p>
<p>Bundles of broken flax.</p>	

**Flax Definitions – Answers** (2 of 2)

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>1. FLAX</b></p> <p>The plant which is grown to produce linen cloth. It blooms with a beautiful, vivid blue flower.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>2. LINT</b></p> <p>Another name for flax, the plant which is grown to produce linen cloth. Its flower is known as lint blossom.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>3. PULLING</b></p> <p>When the flax plant is harvested it has to be pulled up by the roots.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>4. BEETS</b></p> <p>Gathered bundles of pulled flax.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>5. STOOKS</b></p> <p>Twelve beets stacked together.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>6. RETTING</b></p> <p>The bundles of flax are soaked for up to 14 days to rot the hard woody material in the stalks.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>7. LINT DAM</b></p> <p>The pool of water where the beets are retted.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>8. DRYING</b></p> <p>The flax is laid out and dried in the open air, or in a type of big oven.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>9. BREAKING</b></p> <p>The flax bundles were beaten with a wooden mallet or squashed in a roller.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>10. STRICKS</b></p> <p>Bundles of broken flax.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>11. SCUTCHING</b></p> <p>The woody parts of the flax bundles were knocked off with a long blade.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>12. COMBING</b></p> <p>The scutched bundles were passed through a big metal comb to untangle them and remove any remaining pieces of woody stem.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>13. HACKLE</b></p> <p>A large comb with metal teeth used for untangling the flax.</p>	