Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education
Summer 2023

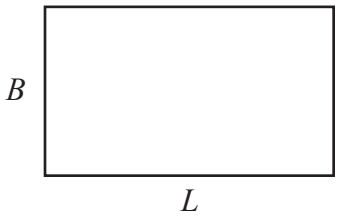
GCSE Mathematics

HIGHER TIER
ADDITIONAL SUPPORT MATERIALS
(For use in Summer 2023)

$$\text{Average Speed} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}}$$

Perimeter, Area and Volume

The perimeter of a polygon is the distance around the outside of the polygon.



The area of a rectangle is found by multiplying the length of the rectangle by the breadth.

$A = L \times B$ where L is length and B is breadth.

The volume of a cuboid is found by multiplying the length by the breadth by the height of the cuboid.

$V = L \times B \times H$ where V is volume, L is length, B is breadth and H is height.

The area of a circle is $A = \pi r^2$ where r is the radius of the circle.

The circumference (perimeter) of a circle is $C = 2\pi r$ where r is the radius of the circle. An alternative formula is $C = \pi d$ where d is the diameter of the circle.

Mid point of a line

If (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) are the end points of a line, then the coordinates of the midpoint M of the line are

$$M = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

Gradient of a line

If (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) are two points on a line, then the gradient m of the line is

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Lines

Parallel lines have the same gradient.

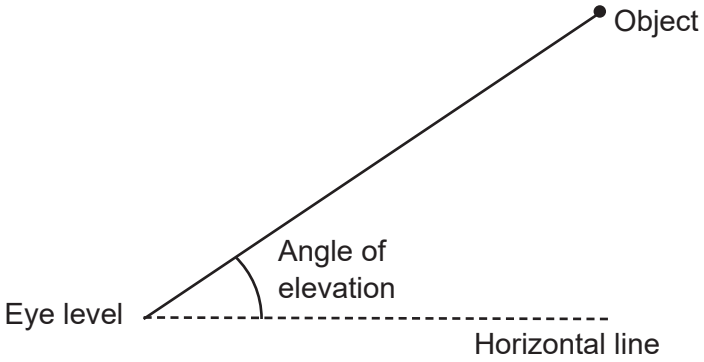
If a straight line has gradient m, then a line which is perpendicular to this line has a gradient $-\frac{1}{m}$

Geometry and Angles

There are 180° on a straight line.
There are 180° inside a triangle.
An isosceles triangle is a triangle with 2 equal sides and 2 equal angles.
The sum of all the angles inside a polygon is given by $180(n - 2)$ where n is the number of sides in the polygon.

Angle of elevation

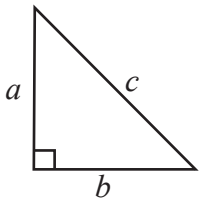
If a person stands and looks up at an object, the **angle of elevation** is the angle between the horizontal line of sight and the object.



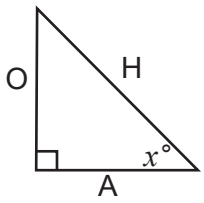
Pythagoras' Theorem

If a, b and c are the sides of a right angled triangle shown below, then

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$



Trigonometric ratios in right angled triangles



$\sin x° = \frac{O}{H}$ $\cos x° = \frac{A}{H}$ $\tan x° = \frac{O}{A}$

Tangent/Radius property

The tangent to a circle is perpendicular to the radius at the point of contact with the circle.

Alternate Segment Theorem

In a circle, the angle between a chord and a tangent through one of the end points of the chord is equal to the angle in the alternate segment.

Mean

The mean of a set of data is the sum of all the data values divided by the number of data values.

Estimate for the mean of a grouped frequency distribution

Estimated mean = sum of (mid interval values multiplied by their frequency) divided by the sum of all the frequencies.

Pie Chart

In a pie chart, the total angle that corresponds to the entire data set is 360°

Probability

The sum of the probabilities of all outcomes equals 1

Frequency density in histograms

$\text{Frequency density} = \frac{\text{Frequency}}{\text{Class width}}$